

**PROMEX REVIEWER**

**5<sup>TH</sup> SKILL LEVEL**

**A1C - Sgt**

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### ***AFP Organization***

1. He serves as the civilian adviser of the president on matters concerning defense and security of the state.
  - a. **Secretary of National Defense**
  - b. Chief of Staff
  - c. Commander-In-Chief
  - d. Area Commanders
  
2. He serves as the Commander in Chief of the AFP.
  - a. Commander
  - b. Chief of Staff
  - c. **The President**
  - d. Secretary of National Defense
  
3. He is the principal military adviser of the president, and executes the president's Command instruction.
  - a. **Chief of Staff**
  - b. Area Commanders
  - c. Secretary of National Defense
  - d. Commander-In-Chief

### ***Fundamentals of Military Training***

4. This is the sum total of the prior education that an individual brings with him when he enters the military service and the quality of the military training he receives or will be receiving as the members of the AFP.
  - a. Learning
  - b. Knowledge
  - c. **Expertise**
  - d. Skills
  
5. This is the total learning process where an individual acquires the knowledge, skills, competencies and desirable character traits, values and attitudes through a formal course of study.
  - a. Learning
  - b. **Education**
  - c. Expertise
  - d. Competence

6. This is the specific information or facts that are required to develop the skills and attitudes to effectively accomplish the jobs, duties and task for a particular position.
  - a. Competence
  - b. Skill
  - c. Knowledge**
  - d. Ability
  
7. This is the activity that develops a particular knowledge and skills or group of skills in individuals through a regimen of exercise, drills, practices and systems designed to enhance precision and disciplined response.
  - a. Learning
  - b. Training**
  - c. Educating
  - d. Teaching

### ***PAF History***

8. When the Philippine Army Air Corps (PAAC) was renamed Philippine Air Force (PAF) and raised to the category of a separate major Command of the AFP?
  - a. 21 Dec 1935
  - b. 11 May 1936
  - c. 21 January 1921
  - d. 01 July 1947**
  
9. When was the Military Aviation in the Philippines started?
  - a. 21 January 1921
  - b. 17 March 1917**
  - c. 02 Dec 1920
  - d. 11 January 1917

### ***PAF Organization***

10. The officer under this staff is personally handpicked and selected by the CG, PAF as his direct adviser.
  - a. Coordinating Staff
  - b. Personal Staff**
  - c. Command Staff
  - d. Special Staff

11. He enhances professionalism, promotes honesty and integrity in the military service, instills ethical standards and inculcates a strong sense of public accountability among military and civilian personnel of the Command.
  - a. Public Information Office
  - b. The Air Force Inspector General
  - c. Chief of Ethical Standard and Public Accountability**
  - d. The Command Sgt Major
  
12. He advises and assists the CG, PAF by inquiring into and reporting on matters pertaining to the performance of the mission, state of morale and discipline, efficiency, effectiveness and economy of the Command.
  - a. The Command Sgt Major
  - b. The Air Force Inspector General**
  - c. The Chief of Ethical Standard and Public Accountability
  - d. Public Information Officer
  
13. The Primary personal staff NCO and adviser to the CG, PAF on all matters pertaining to the overall welfare of all enlisted personnel of the Command.
  - a. Public Information Officer
  - b. The Air Force Inspector General
  - c. The Command Sgt Major**
  - d. Air Force Safety Officer
  
14. He assists the Chief of Air Staff by directing and supervising staff activities in a given functional area and plans, programs, and establishes policies and procedures within his functional area of responsibility.
  - a. Personal Staff
  - b. Coordinating Staff**
  - c. Special Staff
  - d. Command Staff
  
15. He is the primary staff responsible for the coordination, integration, planning and supervision of all air intelligence and counterintelligence activities of the PAF.
  - a. A-5
  - b. A-7
  - c. A-1
  - d. A-2**

16. The primary staff assistant to CG, PAF responsible in the administration and management of personnel.
  - a. A-3
  - b. A-2
  - c. A-4
  - d. **A-1**
  
17. The primary staff responsible on all matters, pertaining to operations, organization, manpower and overall employment of forces of the Command.
  - a. Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Logistics, A-4
  - b. **Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Operations, A-3**
  - a. Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Intelligence, A-2
  - b. Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Personnel, A-1
  
18. The primary staff responsible on all matters, pertaining to the formulation of concepts and policies, planning, coordinating, supervising and reviewing all activities pertaining to logistics and other logistical matters.
  - a. **Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Logistics, A-4**
  - b. Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Operations, A-3
  - c. Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Intelligence, A-2
  - d. Assistant Chief of Air Staff for Personnel, A-1
  
19. He is the functional element who advises and assists the Commander in making decisions and taking actions in certain specialized technical and/or professional areas.
  - a. **Special Staff**
  - b. Command Staff
  - c. Personal Staff
  - d. Coordinating Staff
  
20. He is the operational administrative supervisor of the Command for personnel and administrative services.
  - a. Air Force Chief of Engineers
  - b. Air Force Provost Marshal
  - c. Air Judge Advocate
  - d. **Air Adjutant**

### ***Military Customs and Traditions***

21. These are inherited principles, standards and practices that serve as the established guides for an individual or group.
- a. Customs
  - b. Military Courtesy
  - c. Traditions**
  - d. Military Discipline
22. These are accepted practices realized through continued usage that takes the force and effect of a Common Law.
- a. Traditions
  - b. Military Courtesy
  - c. Military Discipline
  - d. Customs**
23. The Filipino soldier has epitomized valor during his gallant defenses at Bataan and Corregidor against the Japanese Forces. This refers to\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Tradition of Valor**
  - b. Tradition of Loyalty
  - c. Tradition of Duty
  - d. Tradition of Honor
24. The Filipino soldier has exemplified himself throughout history as a dedicated public servant that performs his task with deep sense of responsibility and self-sacrifice. This refers to\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Tradition of Valor
  - b. Tradition of Solidarity
  - c. Tradition of Loyalty
  - d. Tradition of Duty**
25. The Filipino soldier has traditionally held the respect of the nation by shedding much blood and offering the supreme sacrifice in defense of the country. This refers to\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Tradition of Duty
  - b. Tradition of Solidarity
  - c. Tradition of Loyalty**
  - d. Tradition of Honor

26. The founding fathers of the AFP as well as the nation have courageously demonstrated even in most difficult times the value of honor by leading a life in peace or war with personal dignity and self worth. This refers to\_\_\_\_\_.
- Tradition of Duty
  - Tradition of Solidarity
  - Tradition of Loyalty
  - Tradition of Honor**
27. In every endeavor that the Filipino soldier had undertaken he always worked as part of the team. This refers to
- Tradition of Duty
  - Tradition of Solidarity**
  - Tradition of Loyalty
  - Tradition of Honor
28. This is a sign of respect and gesture of farewell tendered to a departed comrade in arms.
- The white Flag of Truce
  - Presentation of Recruits to Colors
  - Trumpet or Bugle Calls
  - The Three Volleys Over Graves**
29. A worldwide custom used to signal the temporary cessation of hostilities between warring parties.
- The Three Volleys Over Graves
  - Presentation of Recruits to Colors
  - Trumpet or Bugle Calls
  - The White Flag of Truce**
30. This adds more distinction and excitement to the regimented life of military personnel.
- The Three Volleys Over Graves
  - Trumpet or Bugle Calls**
  - The White Flag of Truce
  - Presentation of Recruits to Colors
31. Accordingly, when a junior walks, rides, or sits with a senior, what position must he/she take?
- Beside the senior
  - To the left of the senior
  - Abreast and to the left of the senior**
  - To the right side of the senior

### ***Military Courtesy and Discipline***

32. This is the mental attitude and state of training that renders obedience and proper conduct instinctive in all conditions and is founded upon respect for and loyalty to properly constituted authority.
- a. Military Customs
  - b. Military Traditions
  - c. Military Courtesy
  - d. Military Discipline**
33. This is the extension or manifestation of consideration for others.
- a. Military Courtesy**
  - b. Military Discipline
  - c. Military Traditions
  - d. Military Customs
34. Salute is also rendered even when running, at a halt, or walk.
- a. True
  - b. False**
35. In reporting indoors without arms, a soldier removes his headgear, knocks at the door of the office of the officer, and enters when told to do so.
- a. False
  - b. True**
36. In reporting indoors under arms, the soldier uncovered and if carrying a rifle, the soldier carries it and salute.
- a. False**
  - b. True

### ***Military Strategy***

37. This is the overall plan of the government for achieving national objectives through the choice and management of political, military, economic and psychological means.
- a. Military Strategy
  - b. Counter Insurgency
  - c. External Defense
  - d. National Strategy**

38. This is a component of the National Strategy formulated by the government and implemented by the Armed Forces in coordination with other agencies and organizations to neutralize, destroy or defeat adversaries that endangers our sovereignty and territory and threatens our national interests.

- a. External Defense
- b. Civil Sector Strategy
- c. Military Strategy**
- d. Internal Defense

39. The fundamental thrust of this Strategy is to prevent escalation of the conflict to a higher level wherein tremendous amount of resources will be required to defeat it.

- a. Civil Sector Strategy
- b. Military Strategy
- c. National Strategy
- d. Counter Insurgency**

40. This is the daily history of the unit or of the Headquarters.

- a. Morning Report**
- b. Daily Report
- c. Strength Report
- d. Unit Report

41. AFP AGO Form No.1 is\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Morning Report**
- b. Daily Report
- c. Strength Report
- d. Unit Report

### ***Military Justice***

42. It is a system for enforcing and administering criminal law in the Armed Force.

- a. Court Martial
- b. Military Justice**
- c. Military Law
- d. Military Commission

43. These are rules governing the conduct of military personnel and providing a method by which persons who break those rules may be punished.

- a. Court Martial
- b. Military Justice
- c. Articles of War**
- d. Military Commission

44. It is a branch of public law, which is prescribed for the organization, government, and discipline of military forces.

- a. Court Martial
- b. Military Justice
- c. Military Law**
- d. Military Commission

45. It is the power and authority of the court to hear, try and decide a case.

- a. Trial
- b. Jurisdiction**
- c. Court Martial
- d. Court Trial

46. The fundamental Law of the Land.

- a. Bill of Rights
- b. Constitutional Law**
- c. Article of War
- d. Republic Act

### ***Code of Ethics***

47. What Section of the Article I of the Code of Ethics pertains to Constitutional Mandate?

- a. 3
- b. 2
- c. 1**
- d. 4

48. The AFP is duly created by law as an integral part of the Executive Branch of the Government. This is under what Section of the Article I of the Code of Ethics?

- a. 1
- b. 4
- c. 2**
- d. 3

49. Section 2 of the Article I of the Code of Ethics pertains to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Constitutional Mandate
- b. Commitment, Measures and Standards
- c. The AFP Core Values
- d. Organization and Chain of Command**

50. Article II of the Code of Ethics refers to\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. The AFP Creed and Stand on Basic Issue
- b. Military Professionalism
- c. Identity
- d. AFP History**

51. It is our crowning value as it is more precious than life itself.

- a. Loyalty
- b. Honor**
- c. Valor
- d. Solidarity

52. It is the power and strength, courage and ability to overcome fear to carry out our mission and to accomplish what is seemingly impossible.

- a. Loyalty
- b. Honor
- c. Valor**
- d. Solidarity

53. Article V of the Code of Ethics refers to\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. General Provisions
- b. AFP Custom and Tradition
- c. Military Professionalism**
- d. AFP Membership

54. Article VI of the Code of Ethics refers to\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Military Professionalism
- b. General Provisions
- c. AFP Custom and Tradition**
- d. AFP membership

## ***Followership***

55. Fight with your boss if necessary; do it in public and reveal to others what was discussed.
- a. **True**
  - b. False
56. The following are the three requirements for successful Followership, except;
- a. **Why you do the job**
  - b. Know what the job is
  - c. Doing the job
  - d. Knowing how to do the job
57. The following are the areas or ways for looking at our Followership Role and for mapping strategies for that role to be more fulfilling and effective, except:
- a. Job itself
  - b. Relationship specially with bosses
  - c. **Personal Views**
  - d. Own feelings about our jobs
58. This can be achieved by having a strong launch pad of basic understanding about the job and our boss on which to base our actions.
- a. **Knowing our jobs**
  - b. Relationship specially with bosses
  - c. Personal Views
  - d. Own feelings about our jobs
59. The following are the three ingredients that make up the basic launch pad for the job, except:
- a. Know what the job is
  - b. **Give comments for the job**
  - c. Know how to do the job
  - d. Do the job
60. We must obey the legal demands of our bosses, and in doing so, we have to take on the handing pose of the servant.
- a. True
  - b. **False**

## ***Guard Duties***

61. It is used to cause an unidentified party or person to halt and to be identified.
- a. **Challenge**
  - b. Password
  - c. Countersign
  - d. Signal
62. A word or distinctive sound used to answer a challenge identifies the person or party desiring to enter or pass and is always secret.
- a. Identifier
  - b. **Password**
  - c. Countersign
  - d. Signal
63. It is consist of a secret challenge and a password.
- a. Identifier
  - b. Password
  - c. **Countersign**
  - d. Signal
64. To quit my post only when properly relieved. This is General Order #\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 3
  - b. 6
  - c. **5**
  - d. 8
65. To give the alarm in case of fire or disorder. This is General Order #\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 7
  - b. 6
  - c. **8**
  - d. 3
66. To call the Corporal of the Guard in any case not covered by instruction. This is General Order Number\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. **9**
  - b. 8
  - c. 5
  - d. 6

67. To repeat all violation of orders I am instructed to enforce. This is General Order #\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. 6
- b. 4**
- c. 5
- d. 3

68. To talk to no one except in the line of duty. This is General Order #\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. 6
- b. 4
- c. 7**
- d. 3

### ***Service Etiquette and Protocol***

69. This refers to the established rules of conduct to be followed by military personnel.

- a. Military Courtesy
- b. Etiquette
- c. Protocol
- d. Service Etiquette**

70. This is based on tradition and convention, or on personal ideals of conduct, which are not in conflict with accepted practice.

- a. Protocol
- b. Service Etiquette
- c. Right Conduct
- d. Good Manners**

71. This displays one's consideration for others and considered as one of the most valued habit one can acquire.

- a. Good Manners
- b. On Time**
- c. Right Conduct
- d. Etiquette

72. If you travel aboard the aircraft of a general or flag officer, you must board before the senior and remain in your designated seat until the VIP leaves the plane at its destination.

- a. False
- b. True**

### ***Authorized Absences***

73. This is an authorized absence from military duty.
- a. **Ordinary Leave**
  - b. Academic Leave
  - c. Maternity Leave
  - d. Sick Leave
74. This is a type of leave for personnel recovering from sickness or disability and is not chargeable against leave of military personnel.
- a. **Convalescent Leave**
  - b. Compassionate Leave
  - c. Sick Leave
  - d. Maternity Leave
75. This type of leave is for those who want to spend the rest of their days with their families at home.
- a. Informal Leave
  - b. Sick leave
  - c. **Compassionate Leave**
  - d. Convalescent Leave
76. CO's may grant oral permission of absences during any period longer than 24 hours but not exceed 72 hours.
- a. True
  - b. **False**
77. The Paternity Leave can be granted for a period of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. **2 wks**
  - b. 3 wks
  - c. 6 wks
  - d. 4 wks
78. Ordinary Leave is granted for \_\_\_\_\_ for each year of satisfactory service subject to the exigencies of the service.
- a. 30 days
  - b. 60 days
  - c. 31 days
  - d. **15 days**

79. Graduation Leave, except in war or grave national emergencies is granted for \_\_\_\_\_ from the date of graduation for PMA, PAFFS, and OCS both local and foreign.
- a. 2 months
  - b. 30 days**
  - c. 15 days
  - d. 3 months
80. Leave of EP to be spent in the Philippines beyond 90 days is under the approval of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. SND
  - b. CO's of Major Services
  - c. Chief Staff, AFP**
  - d. CO's of Subordinate Units
81. Leave to be spent abroad beyond 15 days but not more than 30 days is under the approval of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Chief of Staff, AFP**
  - b. SND
  - c. CO's of Major Services
  - d. CO's of Subordinate Units

### ***PAF Classification System***

82. This is the awarded AFSC in which a person is most highly qualified to perform duty.
- a. Awarded AFSC
  - b. Duty AFSC
  - c. Interim AFSC
  - d. Primary AFSC**
83. The duties and tasks established as the work requirement for one individual and exist whether occupied or vacant.
- a. Reporting Code
  - b. Duty
  - c. Specialty Description
  - d. Position**
84. This is the level of qualification in an AFS that is depicted by the fourth digit in the AFSC.
- a. Career Field Ladder
  - b. Skill Level**
  - c. Career Field
  - d. Career Field Subdivision

85. This refers to a formal course designed to train a person toward the skilled level of specialty in a career field ladder.
- a. **Basic**
  - b. Supplemental
  - c. Lateral
  - d. Advanced
86. This is a planned training program designed to qualify airmen through self-study and supervised instruction.
- a. Career Field Training
  - b. **On-The-Job Training**
  - c. Lateral Training
  - d. Formal Training Course
87. This is a comprehensive multiple choices written tests designated to measure technical knowledge in semiskilled, skilled or advanced AFSs.
- a. Airman's Qualifying Exam
  - b. Technical Written Test
  - c. Promotional Test
  - d. **Specialty Knowledge Test**
88. It is a group of specialty officer and non-commissioned officers convened by the appointing authority for the purpose of recommending personnel classification actions.
- a. Air Force Specialty
  - b. **Air Force Personnel Classification Board**
  - c. Air Force Specialty Board
  - d. Primary Air Force Specialty Board
89. A grouping of position that requires common qualification and is identified by a title and code.
- a. **Air Force Specialty**
  - b. Primary Air Force Specialty Code
  - c. Air Force Specialty Prefix
  - d. Additional Air Force Specialty Code
90. It is a combination of meaningful digits used to identify an AFS.
- a. Air Force Specialty
  - b. **Air Force Specialty Code**
  - c. Air Force Specialty Prefix
  - d. Additional Air Force Specialty Code

91. It is the identification by mean of a title and alphabetical designator, of an ability or skill not restricted to a single utilization field or career field.
- a. Awarded Sir Force Specialty Code
  - b. Air Force Specialty Prefix**
  - c. Additional Air Force Specialty Prefix
  - d. Additional Air Force Specialty Code
92. It is an identification of part of an AFSC by means of a little and alphabetical suffix to the appropriate AFSC to designate specific equipment or function embraced in an AFSC.
- a. Air Force Specialty Prefix
  - b. Air Force Specialty Shred out**
  - c. Air Force Specialty Code
  - d. Additional Air Force Specialty Code
93. An awarded AFSC in which a person is most highly qualified to perform duty.
- a. Air Force Specialty Prefix
  - b. Air Force Specialty Shred out
  - c. Air Force Specialty Code
  - d. Primary Air Force Specialty Code**
94. An awarded AFSC other than the primary AFSC.
- a. Air Force Specialty Shred out
  - b. Additional Air Force Specialty Code**
  - c. Air Force Specialty Code
  - d. Primary Air Force Specialty Code
95. It is the authorized manning document AFSC, which identifies the position to which an individual has been officially assigned.
- a. Air Force Specialty Prefix
  - b. Air Force Specialty Code
  - c. Duty Air Force Specialty Code**
  - d. Primary Air Force Specialty Code
96. An AFSC established to identify individuals performing duty on new equipment or engaged in specialized activities when it has been determined that immediate identification is necessary and the function performed cannot be identified.
- a. Interim Air Force Specialty**
  - b. Duty Air Force Specialty Code
  - c. Primary Air Force Specialty Code
  - d. Air Force Specialty Code

97. It is four to five digit and a title used to identify authorization and persons, which are not identifiable elsewhere in the classification.
- Specialty Description
  - Reporting Code**
  - Position
  - Air Force Specialty Code
98. It is a description of an AFS which includes the titles, code summary, duties, qualification, other specialty data and shred out, if appropriate.
- Position
  - Specialty Description**
  - Reporting Code
  - Air Force Specialty Code
99. A code established to effect airman/airwoman assignments and to assist in the identification and control of training requirements.
- Career Field Ladder
  - Career Field
  - Skill Level
  - Control Air Force Specialty Code**
100. It is vertical arrangement of AFS on a Career Field Chart within, or comprising a career field subdivision to indicate skill distinction and progression.
- Career Field Subdivision
  - Career Field ladder**
  - Skill Level
  - Career Field
101. It is a division of a Career Field in which closely related AFS's are arranged in one or more ladder to indicate functional relationship, emerging at the advance or superintendent skill level.
- Career Field Subdivision**
  - Career Field Ladder
  - Skill Level
  - Career Field
102. It is a grouping of related AFSs involving basically similar knowledge and skills.
- Career Ladder
  - Career Field**
  - Skill Level
  - Career Field Subdivision

103. A person who has been awarded the semiskilled level of an AFSC based on prior civilian for military occupation, experienced or schooling.
- a. Career Ladder Specialist
  - b. Bypassed Specialist**
  - c. Specialty Specialist
  - d. Skill Specialist
104. It is comprehensive multiple choice written test designed to measure technical knowledge in semi-skilled, skilled or advanced AFSCs.
- a. Aptitude Test
  - b. Airmen Qualifying Examination
  - c. Specialty Training Standard**
  - d. Specialty Knowledge Test

### ***Awards and Decorations***

105. It is categorized as Individual Awards for meritorious achievement while participating in an operation against the enemy in an aerial flight.
- a. Silver Wing Medal**
  - b. Bronze Cross Medal
  - c. Gold Cross Medal
  - d. Wounded Personnel Medal
106. This refers to the distinctive physical device of metal and ribbon that constitutes the tangible evidence of an award.
- a. Decoration
  - b. Medal**
  - c. Award
  - d. Plaque
107. This is a praiseworthy execution of duties over a period of time.
- a. Meritorious Service**
  - b. Honorable Achievement
  - c. Meritorious Achievement
  - d. Honorable Service

108. This refers to a praiseworthy accomplishment with easily discernable beginning and end, carried through the completion.
- a. Honorable Service
  - b. Meritorious Service
  - c. Outstanding Achievement
  - d. Meritorious Achievement**
109. This is intended for meritorious service in a duty responsibility or in indirect support of military operation.
- a. Military commendation Medal
  - b. Bronze Cross Medal
  - c. Silver Wing medal
  - d. Military Merit Medal**
110. This is anything that is tangible granted to an individual or unit in recognition of act of gallantry or heroism.
- a. Plaque
  - b. Award**
  - c. Commendation
  - d. Medal
111. This is an act of adoring and honoring.
- a. Commendation
  - b. Award
  - c. Decoration**
  - d. Plaque
112. This is given to individuals for heroic, outstanding and meritorious acts or achievements.
- a. Service Medal
  - b. Individual Award
  - c. Unit Citation
  - d. Individual Decoration**
113. These are awards to personnel for service rendered during a designated campaign or conflict.
- a. Badges
  - b. Service Medals, Ribbons and Badges**
  - c. Individual Decorations
  - d. Unit Citations

114. This is intended for meritorious service in a duty responsibility or in indirect support of military operation.
- a. Military commendation Medal
  - b. Bronze Cross Medal
  - c. Silver Wing medal
  - d. Military Merit Medal**
115. Amendable deed act or which sets example or illustration.
- a. Exemplary**
  - b. Awards
  - c. Decoration
  - d. Commendations
116. Only one award shall be made for the same act of heroism, achievement or period of meritorious service.
- a. False
  - b. True**

#### ***Articles of War***

117. Disrespect toward the President, Vice President, Congress of the Philippines or Secretary of National Defense is punishable under what AW?
- a. 65
  - b. 59
  - c. 63**
  - d. 58
118. Assaulting or Willfully Disobeying Officer is punishable under what AW?
- a. 59
  - b. 56
  - c. 66
  - d. 65**
119. Insubordinate Conduct Toward Non-Commissioned Officer is punishable under what AW?
- a. 66**
  - b. 59
  - c. 58
  - d. 65

120. Improper use of Countersign is punishable under what AW?
- a. 79
  - b. 82
  - c. 80
  - d. 78**
121. Any person who is in time of war be found lurking or acting as a spy in or about any of the fortifications, posts, quarters, or encampments of the AFP or elsewhere is punishable under what AW?
- a. 82
  - b. 83**
  - c. 84
  - d. 85
122. Fraudulent Enlistment falls under what Article of War?
- a. AW 56
  - b. AW 54**
  - c. AW 95
  - d. AW 98
123. Absence Without Leave falls under what Article of War?
- a. AW 63
  - b. AW 60
  - c. AW 62**
  - d. AW 65
124. Mutiny or Sedition falls under what Article of War?
- a. AW 67**
  - b. AW 63
  - c. AW 65
  - d. AW 60
125. Willful or Negligent Loss, Damage or Wrongful Disposition of Military Property falls under what Articles of War?
- a. AW 86
  - b. AW 87
  - c. AW 84**
  - d. AW 88

126. Drunk on Duty falls under what Articles of War?
- a. **AW 86**
  - b. AW 88
  - c. AW 87
  - d. AW 89
127. Provoking Speeches or Gestures falls under what Article of War?
- a. AW 90
  - b. AW 89
  - c. **AW 91**
  - d. AW 83
128. Frauds against the government falls under what Article of War?
- a. **AW 95**
  - b. AW 96
  - c. AW 97
  - d. AW 98
129. Soldiers-Separation from the Service falls under Article of War?
- a. AW 111
  - b. **AW 109**
  - c. AW 119
  - d. AW 108

***Individual Movement Without Arms***

130. This is a uniform rhythm or the number of steps or counts per minute of which the movement is executed.
- a. **Cadence**
  - b. Depth
  - c. Flank
  - d. Pace
131. Double Time cadence is at what rate per minute?
- a. 120
  - b. 160
  - c. 110
  - d. **180**
132. This refers to one series of elements formed one behind another.
- a. File
  - b. Flank
  - c. **Echelon**
  - d. Formation

133. This is an arrangement of the elements of a unit in line, in column or any other prescribed manner.

- a. File
- b. Interval
- c. Formation**
- d. Echelon

134. A formation in which the different elements are abreast.

- a. Line**
- b. File
- c. Echelon
- d. Flank

135. This is the length of the full step in quick time.

- a. 36
- b. 30**
- c. 24
- d. 28

136. Quick Time cadence is at what rate per minute?

- a. 180
- b. 120**
- c. 110
- d. 190

137. Slow Time cadence is at what rate per minute?

- a. 80
- b. 90
- c. 40
- d. 60**

138. It states the movement to be carried out and mentally prepares the soldier for its execution.

- a. Drill Command
- b. Preparatory Command**
- c. Combined Command
- d. Supplementary Command

139. It tells when the movement is to be carried out.

- a. Preparatory Command
- b. Command of Execution**
- c. Drill Command
- d. Supplementary Command

### ***Parades and Ceremonies***

140. This is generally conducted to showcase the condition of the individual members and their equipment.
- a. **Parade**
  - b. Review
  - c. Ceremonies
  - d. Inspection
141. This is a ceremony primarily held in honor of a visiting high-ranking military officer, government official or dignitary.
- a. Ceremonies
  - b. Inspection
  - c. Parade
  - d. **Review**
142. This is the last part of the ceremony wherein the participating troops exits out of the parade ground passing in front of the honoree and the audience at the grandstand.
- a. March Back to Position
  - b. Presentation of Troops
  - c. **March in Review**
  - d. Exit Presentation

### ***Supply Management***

143. It is an obligation of an individual for the proper custody, care and safekeeping of property and funds entrusted to his possession or under his supervision.
- a. Accountability
  - b. **Responsibility**
  - c. Custody
  - d. Management
144. It is a request for material from accountable/responsible office to a source of supplies or approving authority.
- a. Accountability
  - b. Custody
  - c. **Requisition**
  - d. Supply Management

145. Supplies or materials that loss its identify upon utilization.
- a. **Expendable items**
  - b. Semi-expendable items
  - c. Discarded items
  - d. Damaged Items
146. Supplies or materials that take a certain period of time to loss its identity.
- a. Discarded Items
  - b. Damaged Items
  - c. Expendable Items
  - d. **Semi-Expendable items**
147. Supplies purchase from appropriate or reimbursable funds of the AFP.
- a. **Republic Items**
  - b. Non-Republic Items
  - c. Expendable Items
  - d. Semi-expendable Items
148. Supplies acquired by means other than purchases from appropriated or reimbursable funds of the AFP.
- a. Expendable Items
  - b. Republic Items
  - c. **Non-Republic Items**
  - d. Semi-expendable Items
149. Supplies from serviceable components or recovered from condemned unserviceable property.
- a. **Reclaimed Property**
  - b. Salvage Property
  - c. Captured by enemy property
  - d. Found in station
150. Properties which are unserviceable and beyond economical repair or property and the residue remaining after serviceable components have been reclaimed from condemned unserviceable property.
- a. Captured by enemy property
  - b. Found in station property
  - c. Reclaimed Property
  - d. **Salvage Property**

151. Items used only by one technical service.
- a. Ordinance
  - b. Peculiar**
  - c. Medical
  - d. Signal
152. Items used by more than one technical service.
- a. Ordinance
  - b. Signal
  - c. Common**
  - d. Peculiar Items
153. Color tag when an item is serviceable.
- a. Red
  - b. Yellow**
  - c. Green
  - d. Brown
154. Color tag when an item is repairable.
- a. Green**
  - b. Brown
  - c. Yellow
  - d. Red
155. Color tag when an item is condemned.
- a. Yellow
  - b. Red**
  - c. Brown
  - d. Green
156. This form shall be used in requisition of expendable supplies that serve as evidence of issued and transfer of accountability as well as packing slip, tally out and shipment document.
- a. Invoice Receipt
  - b. General Voucher
  - c. Property Turn in slip
  - d. Requisition Issue Voucher**
157. It is used in issuing non-expendable property from a supply officer to the user
- a. Report of Survey
  - b. Memorandum Receipt
  - c. Requisition Issue Voucher
  - d. Invoice Receipt**

158. It is a general term used to plan and control supply operations.
- Operational Level
  - Level Supply**
  - Safety Level
  - Requisition Level
159. The quantity of material required to sustain operations in the interval between requisitions or between the arrival of successive shipment.
- Level Supply
  - Operational Supply
  - Operational Level**
  - Safety Level
160. The portion of stock requisitioned which is not immediately available for supply and which will not referred to as secondary source of supply action, but will be recorded as a commitment for future issue.
- Reserves
  - Due-in**
  - Safety Supply
  - Operational Supply
161. It is the need or demand for personnel equipment, supplies, resources, facilities or services, by specified quantities for specific periods of time or at specified times.
- Procurement
  - Requirement**
  - Storage
  - Distribution
162. It is the acquisition of supplies, materials or equipment including non-personal service, which are necessary to carry out the program of government by written order or contract, thru bidding or negotiation or by transfer under prescribed laws, procedures, rules and regulations.
- Storage
  - Procurement**
  - Distribution
  - Supplies
163. These are the following procedures in the Supply Cycle, except:
- Requirement Determination
  - Distribution
  - Maintenance in Storage
  - Screening**

164. It is the obligation for proper care, economical used, security and proper disposition of supplies and equipment in accordance with the prescribed rules and regulations.

- a. **Supply Discipline**
- b. Maintenance in Storage
- c. Procurement Discipline
- d. Warehousing Discipline

165. These are the following Supply Discipline, except:

- a. Preventing lost of supplies
- b. Using supplies only for intended purpose
- c. Enforcing preventive maintenance
- d. **Delaying Repair of Supply**

### ***Troop Leading Procedure***

166. It is a logical sequence of action and thru processes which military leader must follow in developing and executing a tactical plan.

- a. Harboursing Procedure
- b. **Troop Leading Procedure**
- c. Patrolling
- d. Visual Tracking Procedure

167. It is a mental problem solving process that a leader must go through to be able to come up with a logical and realistic assessment of a tactical situation necessary for a good decision.

- a. Troop Leading Procedure
- b. Harboursing
- c. **Estimate of Situation**
- d. Visual tracking

168. It contains Commander's plan on how he intends his unit to conduct a particular operation and can be issued verbally or in writing.

- a. **Combat Order**
- b. Operating Order
- c. Fragmentary Order
- d. Mission Order

169. It contains all the information and guidance concerning the coordinating action necessary to carry out the commander's plan on how to conduct an operation.

- a. **Operation Order**
- b. Mission Order
- c. Fragmentary Order
- d. Combat Order

170. It is a set of instruction having the force of order and which requires the performance of standardized or routine procedures at the event of any contingency.

- a. **Standing Operating Procedure**
- b. Mission Order
- c. Fragmentary Order
- d. Combat Order

### ***Fire Fight SOP/IAD***

171. A situation wherein the patrol had been burned out, holding the person and conducting interrogation until the mission is accomplished.

- a. Hasty Ambush
- b. **Compromise**
- c. To withdraw
- d. Meeting engagement

172. A situation wherein your chance upon the enemy and you see each other at the same time, the first one to see the enemy immediately open fire and the patrol leader decides if they engage in the enemy or withdraw.

- a. Hasty ambush
- b. Near ambush
- c. **Meeting Engagement**
- d. To engage

173. A situation wherein the team disengages but first execute skirmisher upon the command of the TL, to ensure an orderly withdrawal, with continuous supporting fire.

- a. To Compromise
- b. To Engage
- c. **To Withdraw**
- d. To Fire

### ***Patrolling***

174. It is a unit out from the large units.
- a. Reconnaissance
  - b. Patrol**
  - c. Harboring
  - d. Ambush
175. It is a patrol sent out to gather information.
- a. Combat Patrol
  - b. Recon patrol**
  - c. Raid ambush
  - d. Link-Up Operation
176. It is conducted when a patrol halts for extended period of time in a place that is not protected by friendly forces.
- a. Patrol Base**
  - b. Combat Patrol
  - c. Recon Patrol
  - d. Raid
177. It is a patrol sent out by a unit with the mission of harassment, destruction, capture of enemy personnel, equipment and installations.
- a. Reconnaissance Patrol
  - b. Combat Patrol**
  - c. Security Patrol
  - d. Ambush Patrol
178. A Combat Patrol that established, maintained enemy contact to the front, flanks and rear. They are sometimes referred to as Search and Attack Patrol.
- a. Raid Patrol
  - b. Ambush Patrol
  - c. Security Patrol
  - d. Contract Patrol**
179. A Combat Patrol that conducts surprise attack on mobile targets.
- a. Raid Patrol
  - b. Ambush Patrol**
  - b. Security Patrol
  - c. Contract Patrol

180. A Combat Patrol that conducts surprise attacks on static targets.
- a. **Raid Patrol**
  - b. Ambush Patrol
  - c. Security Patrol
  - d. Contract Patrol
181. It is the process of linking or joining together with another patrol in the combat area.
- a. **Link-up**
  - b. Movements
  - c. Operations
  - d. Unite

### ***Harbouring***

182. It is an established defensive position of a patrol for the purpose of patrol reorganization, mission planning, resting when patrol decides to move during night time and hide a large patrol while making a final recon on the objective.
- a. **Harbouring**
  - b. Reconnaissance
  - c. Visual Tracking
  - d. Raid
183. This stage of harbouring can only be declared when activities are negative, sentries are double to many positions allowing it a rest to other members.
- a. Stand to
  - b. **Stand down**
  - c. Stand up
  - d. Stand center
184. This stage of harbouring means establishing within the sectors boundaries of plan/team manned by the series.
- a. Worked period
  - b. **Sentries out**
  - c. Stand to
  - d. Clearing Patrol
185. These are the characteristics of good harbouring position, except:
- a. It should provide a good cover and concealment
  - b. Closed to the area of operation
  - c. **Near Road Nets**
  - d. Good routes to and from the position

### ***Visual Tracking***

186. It is an art of being to follow a man or a group of men using the sign they have left.

- a. **Visual Tracking**
- b. Harboring
- c. Reconnaissance
- d. Raid

187. They are marks on the ground and disturbance of vegetation left by a man or men or an animal passing thru the area.

- a. Group Signs
- b. Top Signs
- c. **Signs**
- d. Jungle Signs

### ***Raid***

188. It is a surprise and violent attack on enemy position or installation followed by a swift and organized withdrawal.

- a. Reconnaissance
- b. **Raid**
- c. Patrolling
- d. Ambush

189. It is conducted before the execution of raid and done with utmost secrecy to prevent the enemy from being compromised.

- a. Patrolling
- b. **Reconnaissance**
- c. Visual Tracking
- d. Harboring

190. These are the following guideline in conducting a raid, except:

- a. Always rehearse the element of the raiding forces
- b. Always strike quickly to gain response
- c. **Use the same route for withdrawal**
- d. Leaders must conduct reconnaissance

## ***Ambush***

191. It is a surprise attack from concealed position on an unsuspecting moving or temporarily halted enemy.
- a. Reconnaissance
  - b. Ambush**
  - c. Raid
  - d. Patrolling
192. An ambush of this kind goes for any target of opportunity you accidentally meet in the course of your combat operation.
- a. Deliberated Ambush
  - b. Point Ambush
  - c. Hasty Ambush**
  - d. Near Ambush
193. It is the most important element of an ambush that consists of striking the enemy for which he is totally unprepared.
- a. Control
  - b. Surprise**
  - c. Coordinated fire
  - d. Attack
194. These are the following types of ambush formation, except:
- a. Line formation
  - b. Shaped formation
  - c. Box formation
  - d. Round Formation**
195. These are the Elements of Successful Ambush, except:
- a. Surprise
  - b. Coordinated Fire
  - c. Formation**
  - d. Control

## ***Civil Military Operations***

196. It is categorized as non-military functions governed with, but not limited to, the cultural, political, economic, social and psychological dimensions of military operations.
- a. Value Orientation, Information and Continuous Education
  - b. Civil-Military Operations**
  - c. Public Affair and Inter-Agency Coordination
  - d. Mass Communication

197. This is the dynamic process of learning, internalizing, upholding and practicing universal truths, moral principles and time honored intrinsic military values and ethics essential to the pursuit of AFP goals and objectives.

- a. **Military Values Education**
- b. Military Civic Action
- c. Military Livelihood Enhancement
- d. Community Relations

198. This is designed to provide necessary assistance to the soldier and his dependents to embark on productive ventures that would enable him to cope with the harsh economic realities while in the active service and during retirement.

- a. Military Values Education
- b. Military Civic Action
- c. **Military Livelihood Enhancement**
- d. Community Relations

199. This is the use of AFP resources that is predominantly non-military projects and activities useful to the people and supportive of combat operations in such fields as socio-economic.

- a. Military Values Education
- b. **Military Civic Action**
- c. Military Livelihood Enhancement
- d. Community Relations

200. This is the active participation of AFP personnel, individually, collectively as AFP unit, in people-oriented and community-based initiatives activities.

- a. Military Values Education
- b. Military Civic Action
- c. Military Livelihood Enhancement
- d. **Community Relations**

201. The dynamic process of learning, internalizing, upholding and practicing universal truths, moral principles and time-honored intrinsic military values and ethics essential to the pursuit of AFP goals and objectives.

- a. **Military Values Education (MILVED)**
- b. Military Livelihood Enhancement (MILE)
- c. Civil Military Operation
- d. Community Relations (COMREL)

### **Map Reading**

202. A map that presents only the horizontal positions for the features represented.
- Topographic Map
  - Photo Map
  - Planimetric Map**
  - Special Maps
203. A map that portrays terrain features, as well as the horizontal positions of the features represented.
- Topographic Map**
  - Photo Map
  - Planimetric Map
  - Special Maps
204. Types of marches that are made when enemy contact is imminent and the column must provide for its own security.
- Administrative Marches
  - Tactical Marches**
  - Force March
  - Foot March
205. The color used on a Military Map, which indicates cultural (man-made) features, such as buildings and roads.
- Reddish Brown
  - Green
  - Red
  - Black**
206. The color used on a Military Map, which classifies cultural features, such as populated areas and main roads.
- Reddish Brown
  - Red**
  - Blue
  - Black
207. The color used on a Military Map, which identifies hydrographic or water features, such as lakes, swamps, rivers and drainage.
- Blue**
  - Violet
  - Brown
  - Black

## Other Terms to Review

208. It is the process through which information is exchanged between individuals using a common means, symbols or signs. It is normally done by the use of the radio, telephone, written messages delivered by messengers and by the use of visual and other sound signals.
- Management
  - Coordination
  - Planning
  - Communication**
209. It is commonly known as Subject-To-Letter. It is used for correspondence with Army, Navy and Air Force Personnel, as well as with the General Headquarters of the Armed Forces of the Philippines. It is also used when communicating from one headquarters to another.
- Military Letter**
  - Disposition Form (DF)
  - Letter Order
  - Special Order
210. It is a skillful art of shooting and hitting the target at a given or known distance.
- Aiming
  - Marksmanship**
  - Steady Hold
  - Standard Firing Position
211. It is an immediate care given to a person who has been injured or suddenly taken ill. It includes self-help and home care if medical assistance is not available or delayed.
- Body Massages
  - Reflexology
  - Bandages
  - First Aid**
212. A type of pay and allowances for military personnel, which is 10% of the current monthly Base Pay compounded for every 5 years of active military service but not to exceed 50%.
- Subsistence Allowance
  - Clothing Allowance
  - Quarters Allowance
  - Long Pay**

213. A type of pays and allowances which are entitled only for Officers, EPs, Draftees and Trainees who are/ were engaged or have participated in any combatant duties/activities.

- a. Hazard Pay
- b. Flying Pay
- c. Combat Duty Pay**
- d. Radiation Hazard Pay

214. These instruments were been created or used for violence.

- a. Weapons**
- b. Topographic Map
- c. Ammunition
- d. Tear Gas

215. Applicant for Enlistment must have the following qualification except for;

- a. He/She must be a natural Born Citizen
- b. He/She must be not more than 26 and not less than 18 yrs of age
- c. He/She must be physically and mentally fit
- d. He/she must have at least 36 units in College**

216. It is the path that the bullet takes when it leaves the muzzle of the weapon and hit the target of the ground.

- a. Line of sight
- b. Ordinate
- c. Beaten Zone
- d. Trajectory**

217. It is the shortest distance between any point of the trajectory and the line of sight.

- a. Ordinate**
- b. Maximum Ordinate
- c. Target
- d. Firing

218. Firing positions that is used in cover about waist high and is useful in mud, shallows water, or contaminated areas.

- a. Squatting Position**
- b. Standing Position
- c. Kneeling Position
- d. Prone Position

219. Firing position that is stable and useful when firing from low cover, in night ambush or at moving targets at short ranges.
- Prone Position
  - Standing Position
  - Sitting Position**
  - Kneeling Position
220. Firing Position that is very basic for holding the rifle.
- Standing Position
  - Sitting Position
  - Prone Position**
  - Kneeling Position
221. It is a device filled with high-explosive or chemical intended for placement on the ground or beneath the surface.
- Bobby Traps
  - Dynamites
  - Landmines**
  - Explosive Devices
222. A systematic observation of airspace or surface areas by visual, aural, electronic, photographic, or other means.
- Operation
  - Surveillance**
  - Order of Battle
  - Reconnaissance
223. A confinement facility under the jurisdiction of an installation commander used for the confinement of military persons.
- Stockade**
  - Confinement Officer
  - Guardhouse
224. The action taken to change the appearance of troops, materials, equipment or installation in order to mislead the enemy as to their true identity.
- Camouflage
  - Obstacle
  - Dispersion
  - Disguise**

225. It is explosive, small offensive or defensive ammunition, originally to be thrown by hand, but also designed to be projected rifles, special launchers and dispensing munitions.

- a. Landmines
- b. Grenades**
- c. Dynamite
- d. Booby Traps

226. A special demolitions technique where critical target structures in sabotage operations are made of steel.

- a. Standard Steel Technique
- b. Platter Charge Technique
- c. Cone Shaped Charge Technique
- d. Steel-Cutting Technique**

227. A special type of demolitions technique where it provides a basic, versatile demolitions tool, which can be made up in advance and utilized in many situations, especially when specific knowledge of the target is not available.

- a. Standard Charge**
- b. Platter Charge
- c. Cone Shaped Charge
- d. Steel-Cutting Techniques

228. The movement of forces supported by fire to achieve a position of advantage from which to destroy or threaten destruction of the enemy.

- a. Maneuver**
- b. Mission
- c. Joint Operation
- d. Operation

229. Types of marches are made when enemy contact is not imminent or when friendly forces or terrain barriers protect movement.

- a. Tactical Marches
- b. Force March
- c. Foot March
- d. Administrative Marches**

230. It is the process of linking or joining together with another patrol in the combat area.

- a. Link-up**
- b. Movements
- c. Operations
- d. Unite

231. The movement of forces supported by fire to achieve a position of advantage from which to destroy or threaten destruction of the enemy.

- a. **Maneuver**
- b. Mission
- c. Joint Operation
- d. Operation

232. Securing the nation from domestic/internal threats in order to promote, maintain and sustain a stable social, political and economic environment.

- a. External Defense
- b. Military Strategy
- c. National Strategy
- d. **Internal Defense**

233. The Art of disbursing and applying military means against foreign adversaries that endanger our nation.

- a. **External Defense**
- b. Military Strategy
- c. National Strategy
- d. Internal Defense

234. It symbolizes our country and people.

- a. Salute
- b. **Philippine Flag**
- c. Customs
- d. Traditions

235. The primary task assigned to an individual, unit or force. It usually contains the elements of who, what, when, where, and the reason thereof, but seldom specifies how.

- a. Logistics
- b. **Mission**
- c. Objective
- d. Operation